WHAT IS PUBLIC CHARGE?
Public charge is a part of federal immigration law under which someone can be denied a visa or green card if federal officials determine that the person is likely to rely on government support for their livelihood.

FINAL RULE
EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 15, 2019, the federal government will change how it makes public charge decisions. Once effective, immigration officials will look more closely at certain factors—such as financial status, health, age, and English language skill—and to determine if an immigrant is using or likely to use:

- Medicaid (EXCEPT FOR emergency Medicaid, Medicaid for pregnant women and people under 21 years old (All Kids, Moms & Babies), or services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act)
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, “EBT” or “Food Stamps”)
- Many federal housing programs
- Cash assistance (TANF, SSI, General Assistance)

Immigration officials handling visa and green card applications in other countries are already asking more questions about income and resources of immigrants and sponsors. But those changes do not affect immigration decisions made in the U.S.

GET HELP MAKING THE RIGHT CHOICE

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<th>Every family’s public charge analysis is different, and the programs that help your family might not even be covered by the government’s changes.</th>
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<td>For those who will be subject to public charge, the 60-day transition period can be used to gather information from a trusted organization to help inform your decision about whether or not to stay enrolled in critical public programs.</td>
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<td>Generally, benefits used by your U.S. citizen children should not count against you; however, your overall household financial status will be considered.</td>
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To find help in your area, visit: [www.immigrationadvocates.org/nonprofit/legaldirectory](http://www.immigrationadvocates.org/nonprofit/legaldirectory) or [www.icirr.org/ifrp](http://www.icirr.org/ifrp)
Do you and your family members already have green cards?

Are you applying for or already have one of the following statuses?
U.S. Citizenship, Green card renewal, DACA renewal or TPS, U or T Visa, Asylum or Refugee status, or Special Immigrant Juvenile Status

Does your family plan to apply for a green card or visa from inside the United States?

Does your family plan to apply for a green card or visa from outside the United States?

Public charge and any changes under this rule WILL NOT impact you. However, if you plan to leave the U.S. for more than 6 months, it is a good idea to talk with an immigration attorney first.

Public charge does NOT apply to the categories listed here. If you already have or are in the process of applying for one of these immigration statuses, you can continue to use any government programs that you qualify for.

You should talk with an expert for advice on your case before making any decisions. To find help in your area, visit: https://www.immigrationadvocates.org/nonprofit/legaldirectory or http://www.icirr.org/ifrp

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For more updates and resources or to request a free Public Charge 101 training or webinar EMAIL us: pifillinois@povertylaw.org

This information is current as of August 15, 2019